

Solution

Ex 01 : 05 points

1. $dr_1 = dr$, $dr_2 = r d\varphi$, $dr_3 = dz$ (0,5)

$$dV = r dr d\varphi dz \quad (0,5)$$

$$V = \int_{R_1}^{R_2} r dr \int_0^{\pi} d\varphi \int_{\frac{2}{3}h}^h dz \quad (0,5)$$

$$V = \left[\frac{1}{2} r^2 \right]_{R_1}^{R_2} [\varphi]_0^{\pi} [z]_{\frac{2}{3}h}^h \quad (0,5)$$

$$V = \frac{1}{2} (R_2^2 - R_1^2) (\pi) (h - \frac{2}{3}h) \quad (0,5)$$

$$V = \frac{\pi}{6} (R_2^2 - R_1^2) h \quad (0,5)$$

2. $V = \sqrt{V_1^2 + V_2^2 + 2V_1V_2\cos\theta}$

$$\vec{V} = \vec{V}_1 + \vec{V}_2 \Rightarrow \vec{V}^2 = (\vec{V}_1 + \vec{V}_2)^2 = \vec{V}_1^2 + \vec{V}_2^2 + 2\vec{V}_1\vec{V}_2 \quad (0,5)$$

$$\vec{V}^2 = \vec{V} \cdot \vec{V} = V \cdot V \cos(0) = V^2 \quad (0,25)$$

$$\vec{V}_1^2 = \vec{V}_1 \cdot \vec{V}_1 = V_1 \cdot V_1 \cos(0) = V_1^2 \quad (0,25)$$

$$\vec{V}_2^2 = \vec{V}_2 \cdot \vec{V}_2 = V_2 \cdot V_2 \cos(0) = V_2^2 \quad (0,25)$$

$$\vec{V}_1 \cdot \vec{V}_2 = V_1 \cdot V_2 \cos\theta \quad (0,25)$$

$$V^2 = V_1^2 + V_2^2 + 2V_1V_2\cos\theta \quad (0,5)$$

(01)

Ex 02, of points

$$\Phi_T = \frac{\sum Q_{int}}{\epsilon_0} \quad (0.5)$$

1) Flux,

$$\Phi_T = \iint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{S} \quad (0.25)$$

$$(0.25) = \iint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{S}_1 + \iint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{S}_2 + \iint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{S}_3$$

$$= \iint E \cdot dS_1 \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + \iint E \cdot dS_2 \cos 0 + \iint E \cdot dS_3 \cos 0$$

$$= E \iint dS_1 + E \iint dS_2 = E (S_1 + S_2)$$

We have: $S_1 = S_2 \Rightarrow \boxed{\Phi_T = 2ES} \quad (0.5)$

2) Internal charge

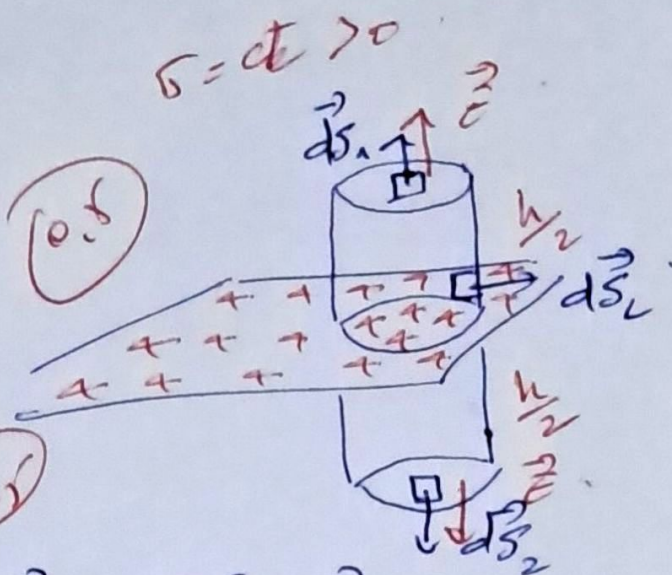
$$\sigma = \frac{Q_{int}}{S} \Rightarrow \boxed{Q_{int} = \sigma S} \quad (0.5)$$

3- Gauss's Theorem: $\Phi_T = \frac{\sum Q_{int}}{\epsilon_0}$

$$2ES = \frac{\sigma S}{\epsilon_0} \Rightarrow E(z) = \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0}$$

$$\vec{E}(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0} \vec{u}_z & z > 0 \\ -\frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0} \vec{u}_z & z < 0 \end{cases} \quad (0.5)$$

(02)



$$4) dV = -\vec{E}_z dz \Rightarrow V = \int -\vec{E}_z dz \quad (0,5)$$

$$V(z) = \begin{cases} -\frac{5}{2\epsilon_0} z & z > 0 \\ \frac{5}{2\epsilon_0} z & z < 0 \end{cases} \quad (0,5)$$

Ex 03 of points

$$1) V_0 = V_A + V_B + V_C + V_D \quad (0,25)$$

$$= K \frac{q_A}{a} + K \frac{q_B}{a} + K \frac{q_C}{a} + K \frac{q_D}{a} \quad (0,25)$$

$$= K \frac{-q}{a} + K \frac{2q}{a} + K \frac{3q}{a} + K \frac{-2q}{a}$$

$$= K \frac{q}{a} (-1 + 2 + 3 - 2) = 2K \frac{q}{a} \quad (0,25)$$

$$V_0 = 2 \cdot 9 \cdot 10^9 \cdot \frac{10^{-9}}{5 \cdot 10^{-2}} \Rightarrow V_0 = 3,6 \cdot 10^2 \text{ V} \quad (0,25)$$

$$2) \vec{E}_0 = \vec{E}_A + \vec{E}_B + \vec{E}_C + \vec{E}_D \quad (0,25)$$

$$= K \frac{q_A}{a^2} \vec{u}_{AO} + K \frac{q_B}{a^2} \vec{u}_{BO} + K \frac{q_C}{a^2} \vec{u}_{CO} + K \frac{q_D}{a^2} \vec{u}_{DO} \quad (0,25)$$

$$= K \frac{q}{a^2} (-\vec{u}_{AO} + 2\vec{u}_{BO} + 3\vec{u}_{CO} - 2\vec{u}_{DO})$$

(03)

$$\vec{U}_{AD} = \vec{i}, \vec{U}_{BD} = -\vec{j}, \vec{U}_{CD} = -\vec{i}, \vec{U}_{OD} = \vec{j} \quad (0,5)$$

$$\vec{E}_O = K \frac{q}{a^2} (-\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} - 3\vec{i} - 2\vec{j})$$

$$\vec{E}_O = -4K \frac{q}{a^2} (\vec{i} + \vec{j}) \quad (0,25)$$

$$\vec{E}_O = -4 \cdot 9 \cdot 10^9 \cdot \frac{10^{-9}}{25 \cdot 10^{-4}} (\vec{i} + \vec{j})$$

$$= -1,44 \cdot 10^4 (\vec{i} + \vec{j})$$

$$\|\vec{E}_O\| = 2,03 \cdot 10^4 \text{ N/C} \quad (0,25)$$

$$3) - \vec{F}_O = q' \vec{E}_O = -\frac{10^{-9}}{2} (-1,44 \cdot 10^4 (\vec{i} + \vec{j})) \quad (0,25)$$

$$\vec{F}_O = 7,2 \cdot 10^{-6} (\vec{i} + \vec{j}) \quad (0,25)$$

$$4) - \vec{E}_D = \vec{E}_A + \vec{E}_B + \vec{E}_C + \vec{E}_O$$

$$= K \frac{q_A}{AD^2} \vec{U}_{AD} + K \frac{q_B}{BD^2} \vec{U}_{BD} + K \frac{q_C}{CD^2} \vec{U}_{CD} + K \frac{q_O}{OD^2} \vec{U}_{OD}$$

$$AD = \sqrt{2}a, CD = \sqrt{2}a, BD = 2a, OD = a \quad (0,5)$$

$$\vec{U}_{BD} = -\vec{j}, \vec{U}_{OD} = -\vec{j}, \vec{U}_{AD} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\vec{i} - \vec{j}, \vec{U}_{CD} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\vec{i} - \vec{j} \quad (0,25) \quad (0,25) \quad (0,25) \quad (0,25)$$

(04)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \vec{E}_D &= K \frac{q}{a^2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \vec{u}_{AD} + \frac{2}{4} \vec{u}_{BD} + \frac{3}{2} \vec{u}_{CD} - \frac{1}{2} \vec{u}_{DD} \right) \\
 &= K \frac{q}{a^2} \left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \vec{i} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \vec{j} - \frac{1}{2} \vec{j} - \frac{3}{2\sqrt{2}} \vec{i} - \frac{3}{2\sqrt{2}} \vec{j} + \frac{1}{2} \vec{j} \right) \\
 &= K \frac{q}{a^2} \left(-\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \vec{i} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \vec{j} \right) = -K \frac{q}{\sqrt{2} a^2} (2\vec{i} + \vec{j}) \\
 &= -9 \cdot 10^9 \frac{10^{-9}}{\sqrt{2} 25 \cdot 10^{-4}} (2\vec{i} + \vec{j})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{E}_D = -2,54 \cdot 10^3 (2\vec{i} + \vec{j}) \quad (0,5)$$

EX04 05 points

$$R_{789} = R_7 + R_8 + R_9$$

$$(0,25) = 4 + 4 + 16 = 24 \, \Omega$$

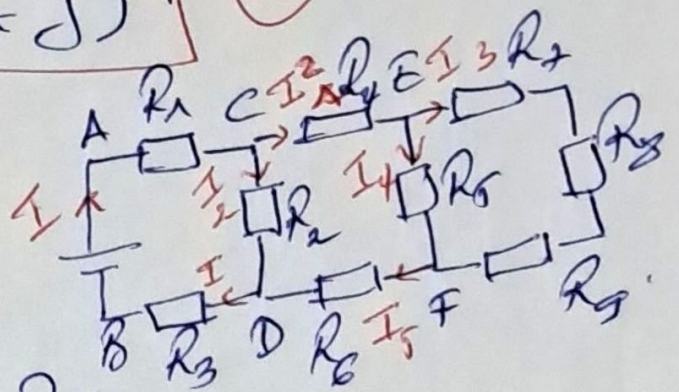
$$\frac{1}{R_{5789}} = \frac{1}{R_5} + \frac{1}{R_{789}} = \frac{1}{24} + \frac{1}{24}$$

$$R_{5789} = 12 \, \Omega \quad (0,25)$$

$$R_{456789} = R_4 + R_{5789} + R_6$$

$$= 12 + 6 + 6 = 24 \, \Omega \quad (0,25)$$

(0,5)



$$\frac{1}{R_{2456789}} = \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_{456789}} = \frac{1}{24} + \frac{1}{24} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$R_{2456789} = 12 \Omega$$

$$R_{eq} = R_{AB} = R_1 + R_{2456789} + R_3 = 8 + 12 + 8$$

$$R_{AB} = 28 \Omega$$

$$2) \mathcal{E} = R_{AB} I \Rightarrow I = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{R_{AB}} = \frac{56}{28} \Rightarrow I = 2 A$$

$$3) V_{AC} = R_{AC} I = 8 \cdot 2 = 16 V$$

$$\text{Loop ACDB} \cdot \mathcal{E} - V_1 - V_2 - V_3 = 0$$

$$\mathcal{E} - R_1 I - R_2 I_2 - R_3 I = 0$$

$$\mathcal{E} - I(R_1 + R_3) - R_2 I_2 = 0$$

$$I_2 = \frac{\mathcal{E} - I(R_1 + R_3)}{R_2} = \frac{56 - 2(8 + 8)}{24}$$

$$I_{CD} = I_2 = 1 A$$

$$4) \text{Loop CEDF} \quad R_2 I_2 - R_4 I_1 - R_5 I_4 - R_6 I_6 = 0$$

$$I = I_1 + I_2, \quad I = I_5 + I_2 \Rightarrow I_1 = I_5.$$

$$I_1 = I_5 = I - I_2 = 2 - 1 = 1 \text{ A}$$

$$\textcircled{0.5} \quad \boxed{I_1 = I_5 = 1 \text{ A}} \Rightarrow I_{CE} = I_{FD} = 1 \text{ A}.$$

$$V_{EF} = V_{DC} - V_{CE} - V_{FD}.$$

$$= R_2 I_2 - R_4 I_1 - R_6 I_5 = 24 \cdot 1 - 6 \cdot 1 - 6 \cdot 1$$

$$\boxed{V_{EF} = 12 \text{ V}} \quad \textcircled{0.5}$$

$$V_{EF} = R_5 I_4 \text{ (or } I_{EF}) \Rightarrow I_{EF} = \frac{V_{EF}}{R_5}.$$

$$I_{EF} = \frac{12}{24} = 0.5 \text{ A}$$

$$\boxed{I_{EF} = 0.5 \text{ A}}$$

$\textcircled{0.5}$

(07)