
Exam of Algebra 1 (Normal Session)

Duration : 2h

Exercise 1 (5 pts)

1. Draw the truth table for the following proposition : $(\bar{p} \vee q) \wedge \bar{r} \Leftrightarrow \overline{(p \wedge \bar{q}) \vee r}$.
2. Express the following proposition using (quantifiers and logical connectives), and give its negation :
 - p : for every integer number x , if $(x - 1)^2$ is even then x is odd.
3. Recall the contrapositive law of logic.
4. Using the contrapositive law, prove that p is true.

Exercise 2 (4 pts).

- We define the binary relation $\mathcal{R}$ on $\mathbb{R}^*$ as follows : $x\mathcal{R}y \iff x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2} = y^2 - \frac{1}{y^2}$
 1. Show that $\mathcal{R}$ is an equivalence relation.
 2. Determine the equivalence class of 1 i.e, $([1])$, and deduce the equivalence class of -1 .
 3. Find the equivalence class for every $x \in \mathbb{R}^*$.

Exercise 3 (8 pts)

- I. Consider the internal operation $*$ on $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{2\}$ defined by :

$$\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{2\}, \quad x * y = \frac{2x + 2y - xy}{2}$$

- Show that $(\mathbb{R} \setminus \{2\}, *)$ is a commutative group.

- II. Let f be a function defined by

$$f : (\mathbb{R} \setminus \{2\}, *) \rightarrow (\mathbb{R}^*, \times), \quad x \mapsto f(x) = \frac{2-x}{2},$$

with $\times$ is the usual multiplication.

1. Determine $\text{Ker}(f)$ and $\text{Im}(f)$.
2. Prove that f is a homomorphism.
3. Is f an isomorphism ?
4. Compute $f([-2, 0])$, $f^{-1}(1)$.

Exercise 4 (3 pts). Let $\mathcal{R}$ be an equivalence relation on a set E . Prove the following :

1. $\forall a \in E, a \in [a]$.
2. $\forall a, b \in E, a\mathcal{R}b \Leftrightarrow [a] = [b]$.