

**People's Democratic Republic of Algeria
Ministry of higher education and scientific research
University of Mohamed Boudiaf - M'sila**

**Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science
Department of Computer Science**

2nd Year License (2L)

Operating Systems 1 (OS 1)

**Semester : 04
2025/2026**

**Directed by
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- **In case of problems or difficulties, please contact me or your TD / TP teacher.**
- **We are at your disposal to help you**

CHAPTER 5

Memory Management


$$MM \text{ Size} = \# \text{ of } @ \times \text{Size of } @$$

$$MM\ Size = \#\ of\ @ \times Size\ of\ @$$

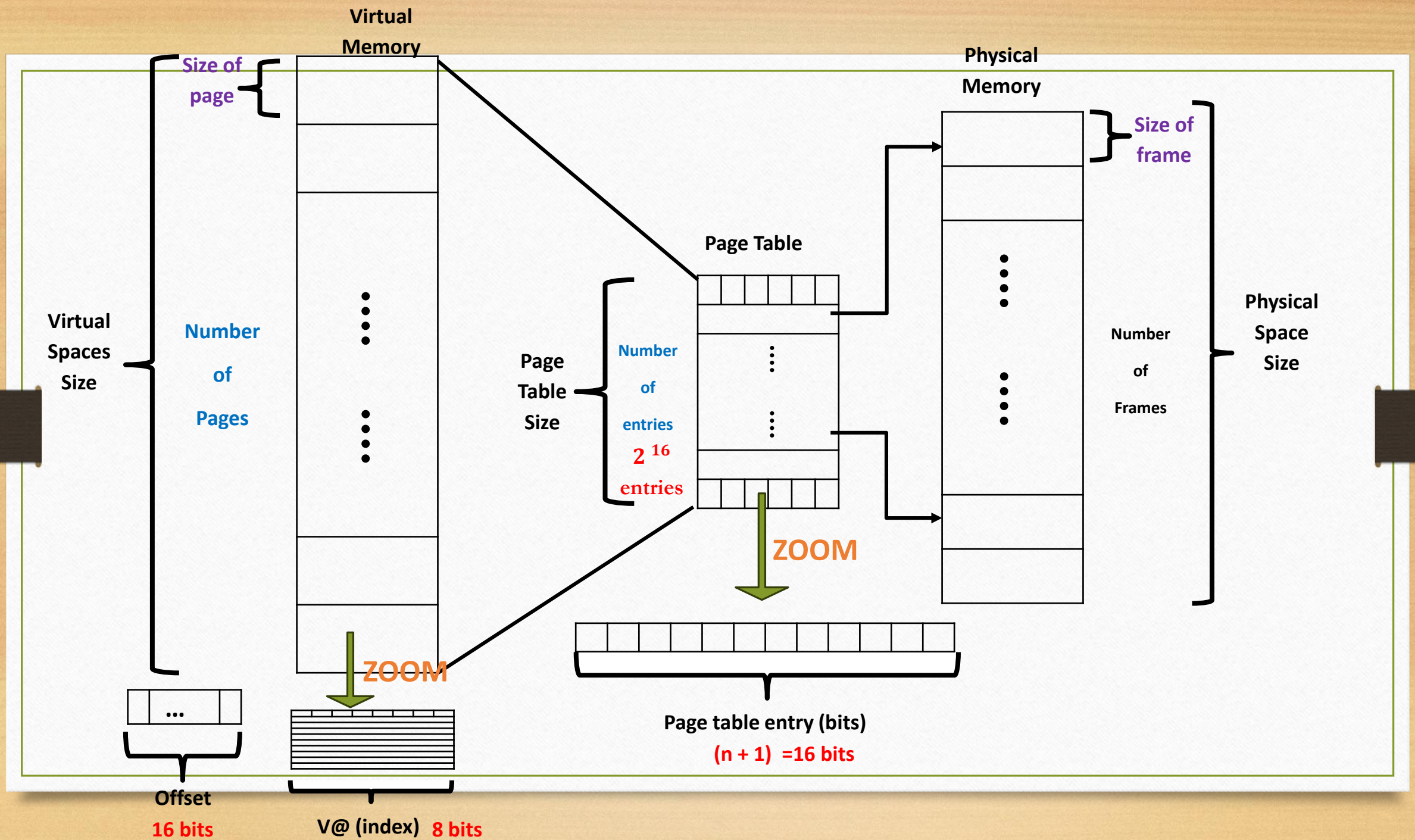
$$\# \text{ of bits by } @ = \log_2(\# \text{ of } @)$$

$$\# \text{ of } @ = 2^{\# \text{ of bits by } @}$$

Exercise V.9

Consider a system using paging technology and having the following characteristics:

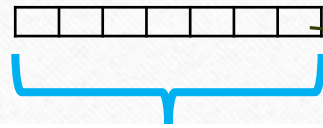
- A page table with 2^{16} entries *# of entries in PT = 2^{16} Entries*
- Each page table entry is coded on 16 bits. An entry contains a page frame number and a presence/absence bit. *Size of a PT entry = 16 bits*
- The offset (displacement) is coded on 16 bits *Offset = 16 bits*
- A virtual address is indexed by 1 Byte *Index Virtual @ = 1 byte*
- Answer the following questions, always justifying your answer:



Exercise V.9

1) What is the size of a page?

Page / Frame



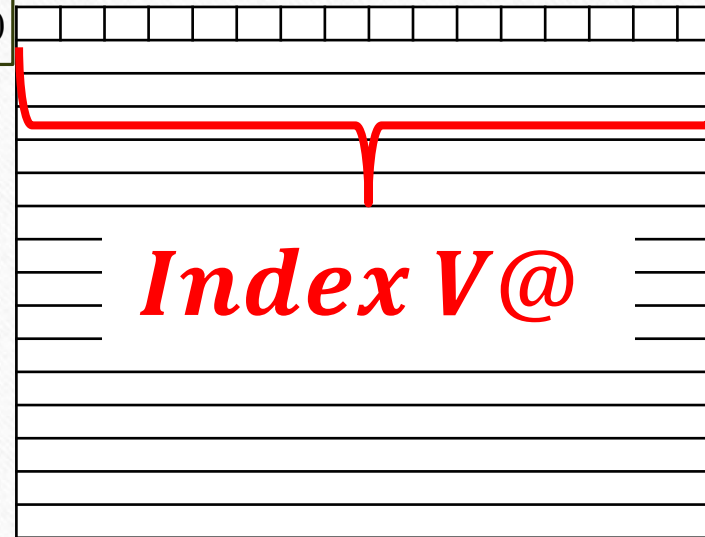
Offset

of @

@ 0000

@ ...

@ ...11



Index V@

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Page Size} &= \# \text{ of } @ \times \text{Size of } @ \\ &= 2^{(\text{offset})} \times \text{Index Virtual } @ \end{aligned}$$

Exercise V.9

1) What is the size of a page?

$$\begin{aligned} \textit{Page Size} &= 2^{(\textit{offset})} \times \textit{Index Virtual @} \\ &= 2^{16} \times 1 \textit{ Byte} = 64 \textit{ KB} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise V.9

2) What is the size of physical memory?

Size of Physical memory = # of frames $\times$ frame size

We have :

frame size = page size = 64KB = 2^{16} Byte

of frames = ???

Exercise V.8

2) What is the size of physical memory?

Size of a PT entry = # number of bits to code a frame + 1 P/A bit

number of bits to code a frame = Size of a PT entry – 1 P/A bit

number of bits to code a frame = 16 – 1 = 15 bits

of frames = $2^{\text{\# number of bits to code a frame}}$ = 2^{15} Frames

Exercise V.9

2) What is the size of physical memory?

Size of Physical memory = # of frames $\times$ frame size

We have :

frame size = page size = 64KB = 2^{16} Byte

of frames = 2^{15} Byte

*Size of Physical memory = $2^{15} \times 2^{16}$
= 2^{31} = 2 GB*

Exercise V.9

3) What is the size of virtual memory?

➤ *Size of virtual memory = Nbr of pages $\times$ page size*

➤ We have :

$$\# \text{ of pages} = \# \text{ of entries in PT} = 2^{16} \text{ pages}$$

➤ *Size of virtual memory = $2^{16} \times 2^{16} = 2^{32} = 4 \text{ GB}$*

Exercise V.9

4) What is the size of the address bus in bits for this system?

- Address bus size (m) = number of bits required to encode virtual memory
- *A virtual address is indexed = size of one @ = 1 Byte*
- $$2^m = \frac{\text{Size of virtual memory}}{\text{Size of one @}} = \frac{2^{32} \text{ Byte}}{1 \text{ Byte}} = 2^{32}$$
- $\Rightarrow m = 32 \text{ bits}$

Exercise V.9

- 6) Considering the first eight entries of the page table represented by the following table, give the logical addresses corresponding to the physical addresses **33792** and **66048**.

Exercise V.9

Frame Number	Page Number	Presence/Absence Bit
7	0	0
6	0	0
5	0	1
4	1	1
3	0	0
2	0	0
1	2	1
0	3	1

Exercise V.9

- Logical @ = (# of Pages, Offset)
- Physical @ = (# of Frames, Offset)
- We have : $Page\ Size = 2^{16} = 65536\ Byte$
- We use the following calculation rule:

Physical @	Frame/Page Size
Offset	# of Frames

Logical @	Frame/Page Size
Offset	# of Pages

Exercise V.9

➤ *Physical @* = 33792

33792	65536
33792	0

➤ # of Frames = 0 $\xrightarrow{\text{In Page Table}}$ P/A bit = 1,

$\Rightarrow$ # of Pages = 3

➤ *Offset* = 33792

➤ $\Rightarrow$ *Logical @* = 3 $\times$ 65536 + 33792 = 230400

Exercise V.9

➤ *Physical @* = 66048

66048	65536
512	1

➤ # of Frames = 1 $\xrightarrow{\text{In Page Table}}$ P/A bit = 1,

$\Rightarrow$ # of Pages = 2

➤ *Offset* = 512

➤ $\Rightarrow$ *Logical @* = 2 $\times$ 65536 + 512 = 131584

Questions ?

High Priority

Queue 1 (FCFS, max time = 8)

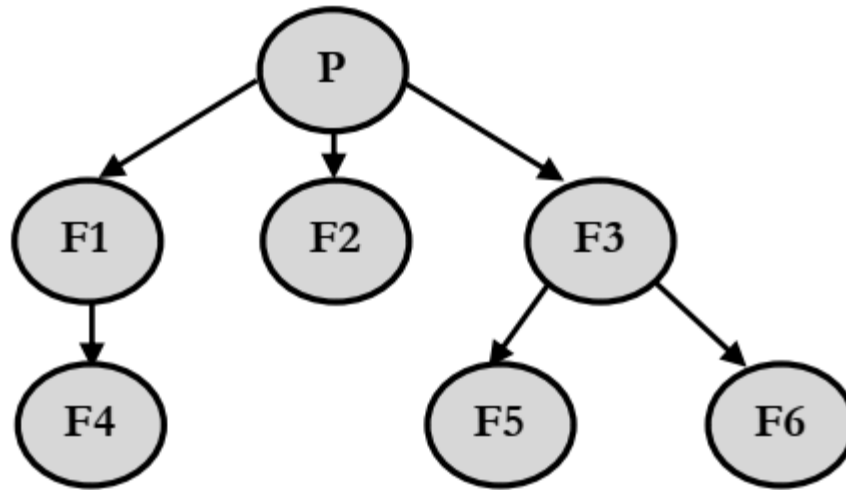
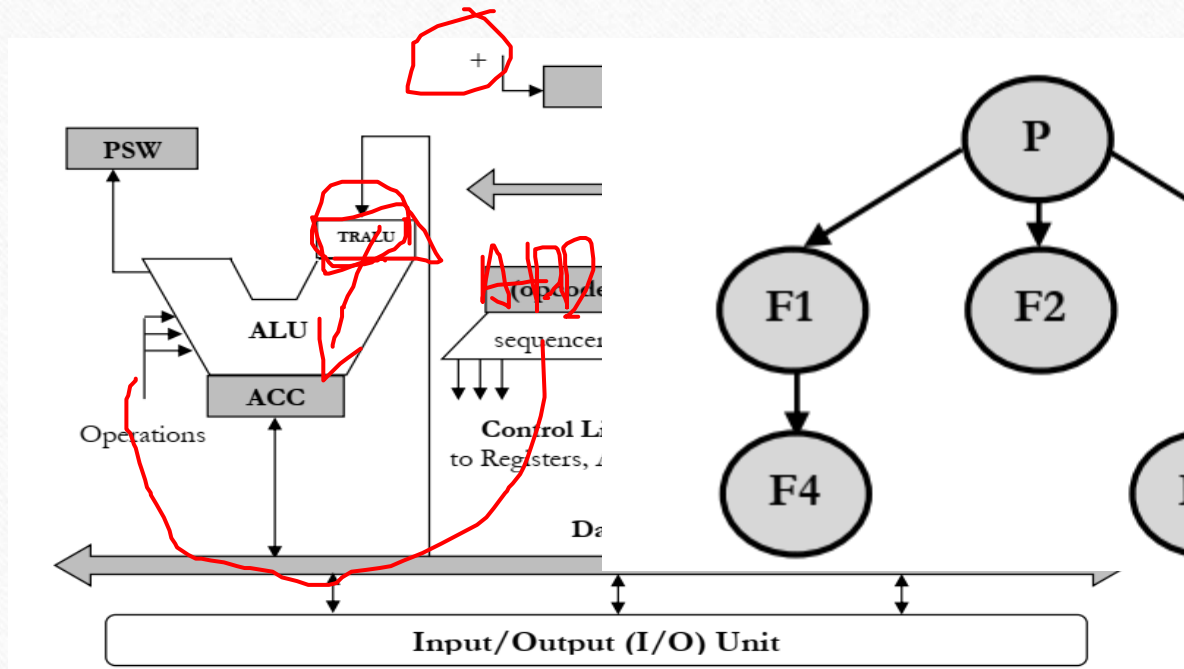
Q2) Give the Gantt chart for the following scenario:

Process	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5
Arrival Time	0	0	0	0	0
CPU Burst Time	16	14	10	20	06

Low Priority

Queue 3 (Round Robin, quantum = 2)

Questions ?

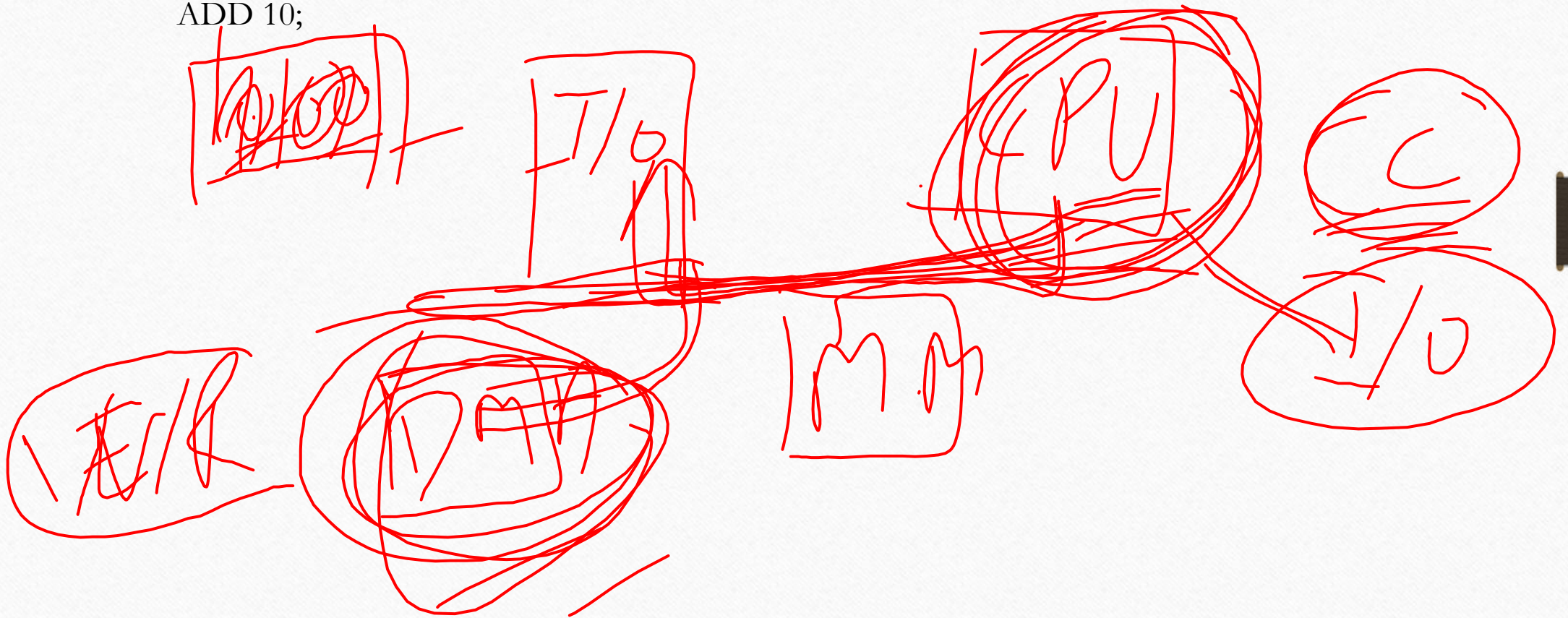


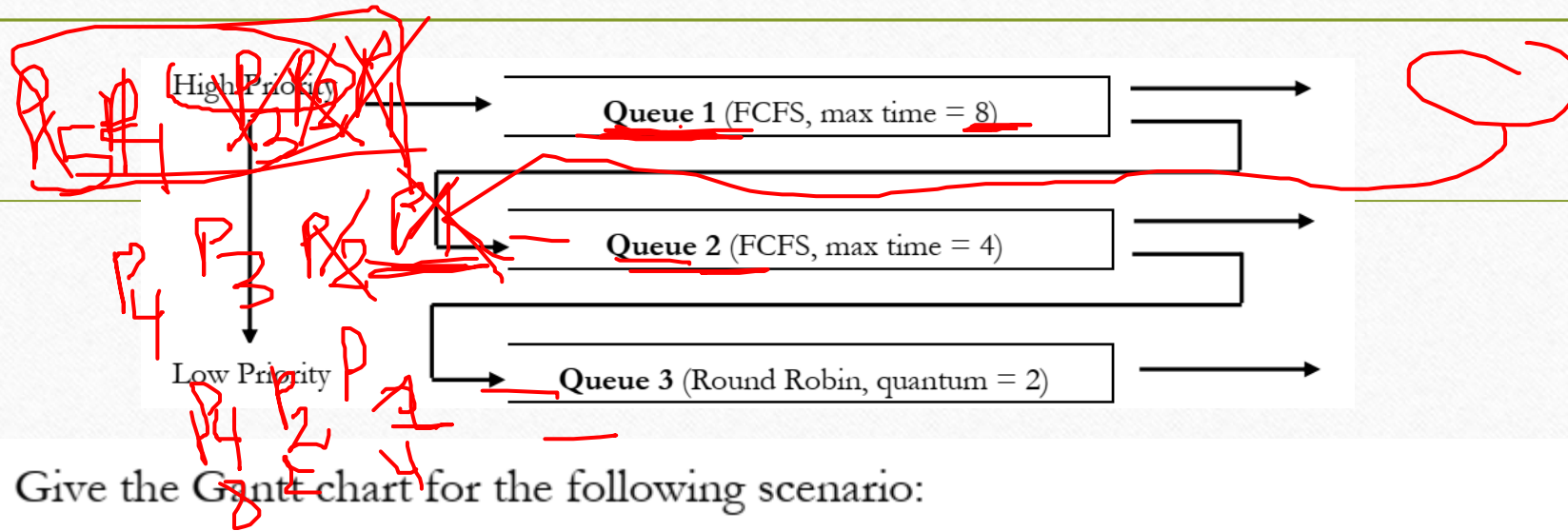
Bluspc
R DATA [MAR]
DATA IN OR P++
C3: TRALU DATA IRAP

C4

Questions ?

ADD 10;

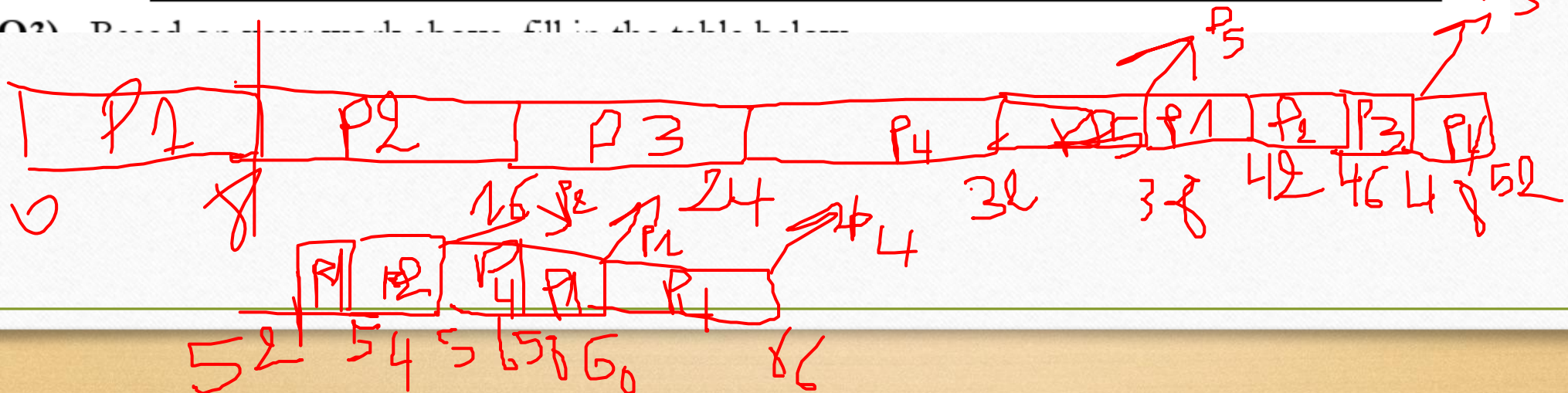




Q2) Give the Gantt chart for the following scenario:

Process	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5
Arrival Time	0	0	0	0	0
CPU Burst Time	16	14	10	20	06

Q3) Based on the above data, fill in the table below.



Questions ?

```
1 : # include < unistd.h>
2 : int main ()
3 : {
4 : if ( fork ()
5 :     fork () && ( fork () || ( fork () && fork () ) ) ;
6 : else
7 :     fork ();
8 : return 0;
9 : }
```

