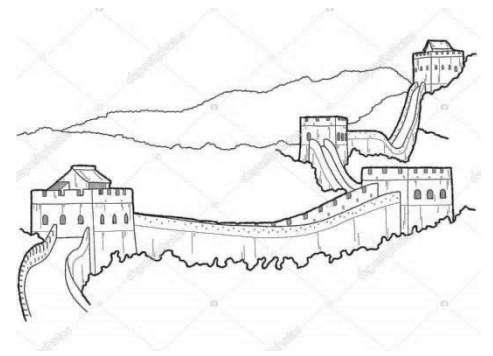


في مادة اللغة الإنجليزية

If you visit China you must visit its Great Wall. It is one of the most important landmarks of China. It is also a wonderful experience to walk on the wall which Chinese people call “the great sleeping dragon”.

The Great Wall of China is over 8500 km long, and goes from the east to the west of China. The wall was built over two thousand years ago by the Emperor “Ming Tao Lee”, in order to protect the



country from attacks. All along the wall, seven thousands ‘watching towers’ were built to guard the wall.

This universal landmark is made of stones, wood and bricks. Many parts of it were destroyed through the history but were rebuilt again by the different emperors who ruled china. In 1987, the Great Wall of China was listed as a UNESCO world heritage site. As the wall is so long, it was impossible for China to repair and protect all of it. Sadly, one third of it is damaged and destroyed

now. China has a special museum in Beijing which presents historical documents and plans related to the wall.

Part one : Reading comprehension (7 pts)**Activity one: Read the text and fill the following fact file (3 pts)****Fact file**

Landmark:

Location:

Length:

Date of construction:

The maker:

Materials:

Activity two: Read the text again and answer the following questions (2 pts)

1- How do the Chinese people name the Great Wall of China? 2-

Why was it difficult for China to protect all of the wall?

Activity three: : Match every word with its definition (2 pts)

1- An Emperor A- A very tall building often square or circular

2- A monument B- Someone (person) who rules and controls a large part of land 3- A tower

C- A place where very old historical objects are kept.

4- A museum

D- A statue or building that was built as a memory of a person or an event.

Mastery of language: (7pts)

Activity one: Spot the mistakes and write the corrected sentence (2 pts)

Timgad is an Roman old city. It is built in the 1st century by the Emperor Trajan. It was listed buy UNESCO as a world heritage site on 1982.

Activity two: Rewrite the following sentences using the passive voice (3 pts) 1-

Trajan built the city of Timgad.

2- The Romans abandoned the city in the 7th century.

3- In 1982, UNESCO listed Timgad as a world heritage site.

Activity three: Cross the intruder (word with different sound) of every list (2 pts) /ai/:

cry - die – day – By

/ei/: Stay - explain – High - Plane

/ao/: cloud - house - town - show

/eə/: ear - there - air - where

Part two : Situation of integration (6pts)

Algeria is full of outstanding landmarks and historic sites that reflect Algeria's rich history and its fascinating nature and culture. The ancient city of **Timgad** is one of them.

Write a short descriptive paragraph about this special site.

Fact file

Monument: *Timgad*

Type: Historic Roman landmark

Location: Aures Mountains, Batna

Founder: The Roman emperor Trajan

Date of construction: 1st century

Material: Stones and Bricks

Area (surface): 2 km²

The use: as a Roman military defence.

Date of listing by UNESCO: 1982

